

Objectives

- Comparators
- Jar Files
- Standard Error
- Unix Commands

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COMPARATOR

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Alternative Sorting

- What if object is `Comparable` but does not sort the way you want?
 - Special case
 - Don't want to change class
 - Don't have access to class
 - e.g., sort strings so capital, lowercase letters are the same
- Use `Comparator` interface

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Comparator<T> Interface

- Declares two methods:
 - `int compare(T o1, T o2)`
 - Compare two objects and return a value as if we called `o1.compareTo(o2)`
 - `boolean equals(Object other)`
 - Check if this `Comparator` equals other
- Overloaded versions of `sort` in Arrays and Collections
 - Arrays: `void sort(Object[] array, Comparator c)`
 - Collections: `void sort(Collection col, Comparator c)`

`ChickenComparator.java`

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JAR FILES

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Jar (Java Archive) Files

- Archives of Java files
- Package code into a neat bundle
 - Easier, faster to download
 - Easier for others to use
- `jar` command used to create, view, and extract Jar files
 - Works similarly to `tar`
 - `jar cf myapplication.jar *.class`

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Jar/Tar Commands

- Common options:

Option/ Operations	Meaning
f	The name of the archive file
c	Create an archive file
x	Extract the archive file
v	Verbose
z	Zip (compress)

- Common use:

- > `jar cfz archive.tar.gz arch_directory`
- > `jar xfz archive.tar.gz`

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Jar file: Metadata

- Jar file includes a special metadata file with the path META-INF/MANIFEST.MF
 - > Say how Jar file is used
 - > `jar` creates a default metadata file, if not specified

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Jar file: Metadata

- Example metadata file that allows you to execute the JAR with java

```
Manifest-Version: 1.0
Main-Class: MyApplication
```

Note the newline

- To create the jar file:

```
jar cmf myManifest myapplication.jar *.class
```

Specifying the metadata file

- Run it, using java

```
java -jar myapplication.jar
```

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Creating Jar Files in Eclipse

- Export Java Jar
 - > Options to create a MANIFEST.MF file
 - > Options to include source files or only class files
- Can submit assignments this way
 - > Must include source files

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Using Jars

- Add jar files to CLASSPATH to use classes in jar file
- Example: adding a jar file to the current classpath variable (\$CLASSPATH)

```
CLASSPATH=$CLASSPATH:myapplication.jar
echo $CLASSPATH
```

Current value of CLASSPATH

In Eclipse, you need to "Configure Build Path"

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Importing Jar Files into Eclipse

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STANDARD ERROR

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Standard Streams

- Preconnected streams

- Standard Out: `stdout`

- Standard In: `stdin`

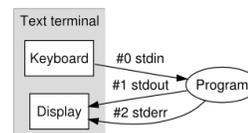
- Standard Error: `stderr`

- For error messages and diagnostics
 - In Java: `System.err`

- Benefits of two output streams

- Redirect to different places

- Example: separate log files for info and for errors
 - Look at some web logs



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Redirecting Output

- Recall earlier this semester
 - `java OlympicScore > score.out`
 - Redirected `stdout` to `score.out`
 - `stderr` would still go to terminal
- To redirect `stderr` to file as well
 - `java OlympicScore >& score.out`

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UNIX COMMANDS

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Regular Expressions

- `*`: wildcard (matches anything)
 - Sometimes `.` represents any character
- One of possible characters
 - `[aeiou]`
- One of range of characters
 - `[A-D]`
 - `[0-4]`

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Regular Expressions

- Practice
 - List the files that begin with `D`
 - List that files that end in `.java`
 - List the files that begin with `D` or `d`
 - List the files that begin with `A, B, C,` or `D` and end in `.java`
- Can be used in commands, like `rm` (be careful!), `mv`, `cp`, ...
 - I test the `rm` command with `ls first`

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Short Cuts: {}

- Examples:
 - `mv file{,.bak}`
 - Expands to `mv file file.bak`
 - `tar cfz myDir{.tar.gz,}`
 - Expands to `tar cfz myDir.tar.gz myDir`
- You can have text on either side of comma
 - Even though my examples don't

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Finding Files: find

- Typical format: `find . -name "*.java"`
 - Means find all the files in the current directory and its subdirectories that end in `.java`
- Can you generalize the syntax of the command?
- Lots of options to find
 - `-type`: used to find just files or directories
 - `-depth`: how far to go
 - `-size`: size of the file
- Use `man find` to learn more

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Find Files that Contain Something: grep

- Shows all the lines in the file(s) that contain some expression
- Example: `grep System.out *.java`
 - What is the syntax for the command?
- Options:
 - `-v` if you want all the lines without the expression
 - `grep -v System.out *.java`
 - `-w` if you want whole words

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Find Files that Contain Something: grep

- Can use regular expressions and special symbols
 - `^`: begins with
 - `$`: ends with
 - `.`: wildcard
- Examples:
 - `grep c...h /usr/share/dict/words`
 - `grep -w c...h /usr/share/dict/words`

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diff: Show differences between files

- Show lines of files that have differences
 - Show the line numbers
- Example use
 - `diff file1 file2`

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Piping Commands Together

- How could we determine the number of Java files we have in a directory?
- How could we determine the number of `System.out.println`'s in a Java file?

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head & tail

- Show the beginning or ending of the file
 - `head filename`
 - `tail filename`
- `-n` for how many lines to show, where `n` is a number
 - `tail -100 filename`
- `-f` to watch a file
 - `tail -f filename`

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Summary of New Commands

Command	Example Use	Meaning
<code>find</code>	<code>find . -name "*.java"</code>	Find all the files in the current directory that end in <code>.java</code>
<code>grep</code>	<code>grep System.out *.java</code>	Find all the lines in all the <code>.java</code> files in this directory that contain <code>System.out</code>
<code>diff</code>	<code>diff file1 file1.bak</code>	Show the lines of the files where there are differences between the files

Use `man` to learn more about the commands

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Practice

- Determine the number of lines of code you wrote in CS112 or in CS209
 - Goal get as little output as possible
- Find the number of functions/methods you wrote in CS112
 - Find the number of public methods you wrote in CS209

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MIDTERM FEEDBACK

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First Midterm Feedback

- Average: 87%
 - About where I'd like it to be
- Tough questions
 - Unchecked/checked exceptions
 - Problem in the Circle implementation
 - Encapsulation
 - Static
 - Types of streams
- Precision in terminology
 - Wasn't always clear what the implication was

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First Midterm Feedback

- Polymorphism
 - Compile-time: overload
 - Run-time: override
- Bonus questions
 - Would like you to know but I wasn't sure if you'd know the answers to them

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Final Grade Distribution

- (45%) Individual programming and written homework assignments
- (25%) Two Exams
- (25%) Projects
- (5%) Participation and attendance